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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/672,260	09/26/2003	Fang Wang	112056-0150	8811
	7590 04/23/200 MCKENNA, LLP		EXAMINER	
88 BLACK FA	LCON AVENUE		BRUCKART, BENJAMIN R	
BOSTON, MA 02210			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2146	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/23/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/672,260	WANG ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	BENJAMIN R. BRUCKART	2146
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 №</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under the process.	s action is non-final. ince except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 36-40 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 36-40 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or compared to the	wn from consideration.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed as a policant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct to by the Examine.	cepted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati prity documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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Detailed Action

Claims 36-40 are pending in this Office Action.

Claims 1-35 are cancelled.

The objection to the specification is withdrawn.

The 35 U.S.C. 112 rejections are withdrawn based on amendment.

The claims and only the claims form the metes and bounds of the invention. "Office personnel are to give claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. In re Morris, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. In re Prater, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969)" (MPEP p 2100-8, c 2, I 45-48; p 2100-9, c 1, I 1-4). The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense. The Examiner will reference prior art using terminology familiar to one of ordinary skill in the art. Such an approach is broad in concept and can be either explicit or implicit in meaning.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed in the amendment filed 3/4/08 and 12/18/07, have been fully considered but are most in view of new grounds of rejection. The reasons set forth below.

Applicant's invention as claimed:

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 36-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by U.S. Patent Publication No. 2004/0151188 by Maveli et al in view of "A Highly Available Network File Server" (herein after "HA-NFS") (Applicant IDS).

Regarding claim 36, the Maveli reference teaches a method comprising:

detecting a failure of a primary virtual port on a first physical port of a first server, wherein the primary virtual port has an identity (Maveli: page 3, para 28);

activating a secondary virtual port on a second physical port of the first server, the second physical port adapted to support two or more virtual ports that share the second physical port (Maveli: page 3, para 28; Fig 6A to 6C);

configuring the secondary virtual port with the identity of the failed primary virtual port (Maveli: page 3, para 26; the LUNs and WWNs stay the same but are moved to the different physical ports); and

servicing one or more storage devices through the secondary virtual port on the first server (Maveli: Fig. 3, storage arrays; page 2, para 22; page 4, para 34).

The Maveli reference fails to teach storage devices owned by a first server.

However, the HA-NFS reference teaches devices owning storage data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1-2; Fig 1) to have designated servers controlling and serving data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Maveli to include owned storage data as taught by HA-NFS in order to have designated servers controlling and serving data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1).

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Regarding claim 37, the method of claim 36, wherein detecting the failure is in response to initiating a failover procedure during a scheduled maintenance on the first server (Maveli: page 3, para 28; failure).

Regarding claim 38, the method of claim 36, the Maveli reference teaches detecting a failure.

The Maveli reference fails to teach using heartbeat messages.

However, the HA-NFS reference teaches detecting a failure in the first server comprises: detecting a lack of a heartbeat signal from the first server at a second server (HA-NFS: page 201, para 3-4; pinging) in order to initiate recovery from failover (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 1, takeover).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Maveli to include detecting failure by heartbeat messages as taught by HA-NFS in order to initiate recovery from failover (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 1, takeover).

Regarding claim 39, the Maveli reference teaches the method of claim 36 with unregistering mappings between virtual and physical ports (Maveli: page 4, para 33).

The Maveli reference fails to teach details about re-integration.

However, the HA-NFS teaches

determining that the primary virtual port has been recovered (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 2, para 4; re-integration);

terminating service requests to the secondary virtual port (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 2, para 4; re-integration – page 202);

deactivating the secondary virtual port (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 2, para 4; re-integration; stops impersonation); and

servicing the storage devices owned by the first server through the primary virtual port (HA-NFS: page 201, col. 2, para 4 – page 202) in order to resume providing highly availably network data in response to requests (HA-NFS: page 199, col. 2).

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Regarding claim 40, the Maveli reference teaches a computer readable medium including program instructions when executed operable to:

detecting a failure of a primary virtual port on a first physical port of a first server, wherein the primary virtual port has an identity (Maveli: page 3, para 28);

activating a secondary virtual port on a second physical port of the first server, the second physical port adapted to support two or more virtual ports that share the second physical port (Maveli: page 3, para 28; Fig 6A to 6C);

configuring the secondary virtual port with the identity of the failed primary virtual port (Maveli: page 3, para 26; the LUNs and WWNs stay the same but are moved to the different physical ports); and

servicing one or more storage devices through the secondary virtual port on the first server (Maveli: Fig. 3, storage arrays; page 2, para 22; page 4, para 34).

The Maveli reference fails to teach storage devices owned by a first server.

However, the HA-NFS reference teaches devices owning storage data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1-2; Fig 1) to have designated servers controlling and serving data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to create the method as taught by Maveli to include owned storage data as taught by HA-NFS in order to have designated servers controlling and serving data (HA-NFS: architecture: page 200, col. 2, para 1).

REMARKS

In the request for consideration, the applicant presented new claims directed to a single server with multiple physical ports and more than one virtual port.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin R. Bruckart whose telephone number is (571) 272-

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3982. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30PM. If attempts to reach the examiner

by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeff Pwu can be reached on (571) 272-

6798. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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Benjamin R Bruckart

Examiner

Art Unit 2146

/B. R. B./

Examiner, Art Unit 2146

/Bunjob Jaroenchonwanit/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2152